

WHO: STATUS of Myanmar OPERATIONS as of 17 May 2008

OPS components		MYANMAR
	Figures	Updated official statistics as of 16 May: 78,000 deaths; 56,000 missing with 19,359 injured.
1	Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Phase I. Unrest in some parts of the Delta.
2	Assessment and monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disease surveillance jointly intensified by WHO, the Ministry of Health (MoH) and NGOs, particularly for diarrhoea, cholera, measles, dengue and malaria. Disease cases being reported on a daily basis. Health Cluster focuses on screening for malnutrition. WHO information and guidelines on HIC-BKK
3	Support to coordination	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Country: Focus on survivors, to place them in temporary shelters in Mya Mya, Bugale and Mau Bin <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Three operations centres in the townships of Patheingyi, Labutta and Bogale established by the Health Cluster. Participation in the Health Cluster meetings in MMR increased with more than 50 representatives from 30 INGOs and UN Agencies WHO field presence in all 6 most affected areas. 22 UN Agencies+ NGOs present in 58 townships in the affected area. Region: Regular Health Cluster meeting in BKK and participation in the Log cluster meeting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BKK becomes ops and log hub. Global: Joint Action Plan (WHO+Health partners) under development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Daily Health Cluster Sitrep Regular teleconferences with Health partners. WHO working with UNICEF for supplies Technical coordination within WHO. Videoconference with donor participation under discussion.
4	Identifying and filling gaps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> MoH Measles immunization campaign ongoing in camps (kids aged 9 months to 5 years) MoH requested antibiotics, ORS, normal saline, dextrose saline, bandages, plaster and syringes. The most common conditions: injuries, ARIs, gastroenteritis, dysentery and malaria.
5	Strengthening and repairing systems and building capacities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Daily update of the list of emergency health supplies by MoH to MMR Need to plan for health services in emergency shelters/camps Add more assistance to hospital in Mau Bin which becoming a referral hospital for all 4 townships in the affected area More basic units of IEHK requested. MOH requests WHO's assistance to distribute supplies in affected areas Log health platform in BKK needs strengthening
7	Personnel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Epidemiologist, Logistician, WHO Emergency and Humanitarian Action (EHA) technical officer likely to get visa for MMR BKK team joined by Regional Adviser, WHO Office for the Western Pacific (WPRO) and WHO Emergency Response and Operations/Health Action in Crises (ERO) Logistician Director.a.i. ERO left for SEARO
8	Supplies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water-purification equipment, 20 IEHK and five IDDK donated by Norway are in the pipeline 2 Cholera diagnostic kits and 500 dengue test kits arriving to MMR 100 fogging machine arrived, another 50 in the pipeline SEARO setting in place certification/decision-making system to deal with in-kind donations 11 IEHK and one IDDK available in Yangon. 2 IEHK deployed to Labutta and Bogale Medical supplies from the Swiss govt arrived
9.	IASC Resource mobilization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash appeal will be revised and readjusted (so far from \$15,780 M - \$5 M for WHO). Positive feedback from key donors
10.	Contribution/pledges to WHO	Approx. 3, 7 Million USD so far: CERF, Denmark, Norway, Monaco, UK, Italy, Romania. New donations:Australia (2.4 M Austr.); DFID increased to \$493K
11	Headaches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contradictory information on humanitarian access